## CHEMISTRY (Two hours and a quarter)

(The first 15 minutes of the examination are for reading the paper only. Candidate must NOT start writing during this time).

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- 1. After having read the questions, you will be given two hours to answer all the questions.
- 2. In this paper, there are two sections: A and B. Section A is compulsory. You are expected to attempt any five questions from section B.
- 3. The intended marks for questions or parts of the questions, are given in brackets [].
- 4. Read the directions to each question carefully and write all the answers in the answer sheet provided separately.

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## Section A [50 marks]

Compulsory: Attempt all the questions from this section.

## **Question 1**

- a) Each question in this section is provided with four possible options. Choose the most appropriate option and write in your answer sheet. [25]
- (i) Group IA elements are also called:
  - A. Alkali metal
  - B. Alkaline earth metal
  - C. Transition elements
  - D. Halogens
- (ii) Which one of the following element has octed configuration:
  - A. Ne (at. No.10)
  - B. Na (at. No.11)
  - C. Cl (at. No.17)
  - D. F (at. No.9)
- (iii) The elements arranged in the increasing order of their reactivity is:
  - A. Na<Al<Zn<Ca
  - B. Na>Al>Zn>Ca
  - C. Na>Ca>Al>Zn
  - D. Zn<Al<Ca<Na
- (iv) Which one is a chemical change:
  - A. Ripening of fruit
  - B. Melting of ice
  - C. Sublimation of iodine
  - D. Boiling of water
- (v) N2 + 3H2------  $\Rightarrow$  2NH3 \_\_\_\_93.7KJ ; This reaction is a :
  - A. Exothermic reaction
  - B. Endothermic reaction
  - C. Combustion reaction
  - D. Displacement reaction

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(vi) A branch of chemistry that deals with the process and products that reduces the use and generation of hazardous substances is called: A. Organic chemistry B. Environmental chemistry C. Radio chemistry D. Green chemistry (vii) The general formula of alkenes is: A.  $CnH_2n+2$ B. CnH<sub>2</sub>n C. CnH<sub>2</sub>n-2 D. CnH<sub>2</sub>n+1.OH (viii) If the formula of ethyne is C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, than the formula of propyne will be A.  $C_3H_4$ B.  $C_3H_6$ C.  $C_3H_8$ D.  $C_2H_6$ (ix) Carbon dioxide is a green house gas. This gas enters the plant via the process of: A. Respiration B. Photosynthesis C. Decomposition D. Ingestion (x) A catalyst is a substance that: A. Alters the mechanism of reaction B. Decreases the activation energy C. Decreases the frequency of collision of reacting species D. Increases the kinetic energy of reacting species (xi) Law of conservation of mass is called: A. Avogadro's law B. Law of constant proportion C. Boyles law D. Law of indestructibility of matter (xii) Active metals above hydrogen in metal activity series reacts with acids and liberates: A. Oxygen gas B. Hydrogen gas C. Carbon dioxide gas D. Sulphurdioxide gas (xiii) Which one of the following is an ionic compound: A. H<sub>2</sub>O B. CCl<sub>4</sub>

C. CaO D. CO<sub>2</sub>

A. Electron Affinity	
B. Electro negativity	
C. Ionization energy	
D. Catenation	
(xv) The hydrocarbon which decolourises the orange color of Bromine water is :	
A. Saturated hydrocarbon	
B. Unsaturated hydrocarbon	
C. Isomers	
D. Polymers	
(xvi) Which of the following contains coordinate bond:	
A. $O_3$	
B. BaCl <sub>2</sub>	
C. HCl	
D. H <sub>2</sub> O	
(xvii) Molten NaCl conducts electricity due to the presence of:	
A. Free electron	
B. Free ions	
C. Free molecules	
D. Atom of Na and Cl	
(xviii) Which of the following gas is used to fill the balloons:	
A. He B. Ne	
C. Ar	
D. Xe	
(xix) The shortest period in the modern periodic table is:	
A. 1 <sup>st</sup> period	
B. 2 <sup>nd</sup> period	
C. 4th period	
D. 3 <sup>rd</sup> period	
(vvv) Ionization anthology ages a manifed from left to might.	
(xx) Ionization enthalpy across a period from left to right:  A. Decreases	
B. Increases	
C. Remains same	
A. Decreases B. Increases C. Remains same D. Increase and decreases	
(xxi) The rate of reaction depends on:  A. Temperature	
B. Pressure	
C. Concentration	
D. All of the above	

(xxii)	Which metal is the alkaline earth metal: A. Aluminum B. Gold C. Barium D. Copper	
(xxiii)	Aqua regia is a mixture of HCl and HNO <sub>3</sub> acid w A. Zinc B. Iron C. Platinum D. Lead	hich dissolves :
(xxiv)	Metal which cannot displace Hydrogen gas from A. Copper B. Magnesium C. Calcium D. Zinc	dilute acids is :
(xxv)	Cause of periodicity of elements is due to the periodicity.  A. Electronic configuration.  B. Atomic mass.  C. Atomic number.  D. Number of shells.	iodicity in:
	Match each item under column A with the most approaching pairs in the answer sheet provided.  Column A  i) Heating of CaCO3 is an E.G of ii) Bad conductor of electricity iii) Ethene iv) Elements of group 3 to 12 v) Calculation of relative amounts of substances	Column B  A) Stoichoimetry B) Exothermic reaction c) Transition elements D) saturated hydrocarbon E) Unsaturated hydrocarbon F) CnH2n+2 G) decomposition reaction
c) Fill in the blanks by writing suitable word(s):  (i) PVC is a very widely used		
(i	liberation of heat energy.	[5] y.

Polymers are low molecular mass substances. e) Answer the following questions: Calculate the percentage of nitrogen found in the fertilizer, ammonium sulphate (NH4)2SO4 Atomic weights :(N=14, H=1, S=32, O=16) (ii) (iii) Why are Alkane also known as Paraffin? (iv) What is a metalloid? Give an example. What is a fossil fuel? (v) Define Functional group. (vi) f) Write down one difference between the following pairs based on the terms mentioned in the bracket. Ionic compounds and covalent compounds. {formation} (i) Saturated hydrocarbon and unsaturated hydrocarbon. (type of bonds) (ii) (iii) Metals and non-metals. (conductivity) Chemical change and physical change. (example) (iv) Section B [50 marks] Attempt any **FIVE** Questions. **Ouestion 2** (a). Define the following terms: Catenation (i) Organic compound (ii) (iii) Fossils (b). Classify the following as alkanes, alkenes, alkynes: [3]  $C_2H_4$ ,  $C_3H_4$ ,  $C_4H_8$ ,  $C_5H_{10}$ ,  $C_5H_{12}$ ,  $C_3H_8$ ,  $CH_4$ (c). What is an addition reaction? [2] (d). Write the addition reaction of ethene with hydrogen. [2] **Question 3.** (a). Atomic numbers of the elements of 3<sup>rd</sup> period is given below. Answer the questions carefully based on the data; [6] 3<sup>rd</sup>.period Na S Cl Si P Mg Al Ar Elements Atomic 11 12 13 14 15 17 18 Numbers Which element has four valence electrons? (i) Which is the most reactive metal? (ii) Which is the most reactive non- metal? (iii) Which elements have valency equal to 2? Do they differ also? (iv) Name the element which forms amphoteric oxides. (v) What is the valency of chlorine? (vi) (b). Explain 'Nitrogen Cycle' with the help of a flow diagram. [2] (c). Explain Global Warming and what are its causes and effects. [2] **Ouestion 4** (a) State two uses of the following; [4] Ethylene (i) (ii) Fertilizer (iii) **Polymers** Oxyacetylene flame (iv)

(b) Define Homologous series. [2]				
(c) If 3 <sup>rd</sup> member of alkane is propane, C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , write the structural formula of Ethane and butane.[2]				
(d) What do you understand by polymerisation? [2]				
Question 5				
(a) Give a balanced equation for the aerobic and anaerobic respiration. [2]				
(b) State two measures, which could be adapted to stop or at least minimize the increase in the				
percentage of $CO_2$ in air. [2]				
(c) Define the term Dative bond. [2]				
(d) An element 'X" has atomic number 20 and mass number 40. Answer the following question based				
on X. $[1/2 \times 8 = 4]$				
(i) Write its configuration.				
(ii) What is its valency?				
(iii) Will it lose or gain electrons to be octet.				
(iv) Is it a metal or non-metal?				
(v) What is its Period number?				
(vi) What is its Group number?				
(vii) Write the symbol of the ion formed by X.				
(viii) Write the formula of the Oxide formed by X.				
Question 6				
(a) Balance the following equations: [4]				
(i) $HNO3 + Ca(OH)2$ $\longrightarrow Ca(NO3)2 + H2O$				
(ii) NaOH + $H2SO4$ Na2 $SO4$ + $H2O$				
(iii) NaCl + AgNO3 → Ag Cl +NaNO3				
(iv) $BaC12 + H2SO4 $ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$				
(b) Give reason for the following: [3]				
(c) With the help of electron dot diagram, show the formation of: [3]				
(i) Magnesium chloride ,MgCl <sub>2</sub>				
(ii) Water molecule ,H <sub>2</sub> O (At.Nos: .Mg=12, H=1, O=8)				
Question 7.				
(a) Write the lab. Preparation of ethyne/acetylene from calcium carbide (CaC <sub>2</sub> ) and water. [2]				
(b) In electronic concept explain Oxidation and a reduction. [2]				
(c) Give the full form for the IUPAC [2]				
(d) What is a hydrocarbon? State the branches of hydrocarbon. [2]				
(e) State the environmental hazards caused by polymers. How would you control this problem?				
[2]				
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