



ཤེས་རིག་ལྷན་ཁག།
 ལུ་ཏིག་ཐང་འབྲིང་རིམ་སློབ་གྲྭ་ཤོང་མ།



**MOTITHANG HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL
 THIMPHU THROMDE**

“Every child is inspired to learn and empowered with wisdom to excel in life”

MID TERM EXAMINATION 2019

Class: XII Commerce &Arts

Time : 3.15 Hours

Subject : Business Mathematics

Full Marks : 100

Name : Class & Section : Roll Number :

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Invigilator’s initial :

<i>For Teacher’s use only</i>																		
Section A			Section B															
Question 1	30		Q 2		Q 3		Q 4		Q 5		Q 6		Q 7		Q 8		Q 9	
Marks			a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b
			3	4	4	3	2	5	2	5	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4
Marks Awarded																		
Marker’s initial																		
Section B			Q 10		Q 11		Q 12		Q 13		Q 14		Total Marks A+B = Chief Marker’s initial :					
Marks	70	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b							
		3	4	3	4	2	5	3	4	3	4							
Marks Awarded																		
Marker’s initial																		

Answer **Question 1** from Section A and **10 questions** from Section B.
All working including rough work, should be done on the same sheet adjacent to rest of the answer.

The intended marks or parts of the questions are given on brackets [].

Mathematical formulae are given at the end of this question paper.

The use of calculator (Fx-82) (Fx-100) is allowed.

Direction: Read the following questions carefully. For each of the questions, there are four alternatives A, B, C and choose the correct alternative and write it in the space provided.

Question 1

[2 × 15 = 30]

- (i) If ${}^{43}C_{r-6} = {}^{43}C_{3r+1}$, then the value of r is:
- A. 12
 - B. 8
 - C. 10
 - D. 6

Answer.....

- (ii) If $(-8, -2)$, $(-4, a)$, $(-1, 5)$ are collinear then the value of a is :
- A. 6
 - B. -6
 - C. 2
 - D. -2

Answer.....

- (iii) The Gradient of the curve $y = 4x^7 - 3x^3 + 5x - 11$ at the point $(1, -2)$ is:
- A. 25
 - B. 23
 - C. 24
 - D. 22

Answer.....

(iv) If $A^2 - 5A - 14I = 0$, the A^{-1} is:

- A. $\frac{1}{14}(5I - A)$
- B. $\frac{1}{14}(A - 5I)$
- C. $14(A - 5I)$
- D. $14(5I - A)$

Answer.....

(v) Study the table.

<i>Function</i>	<i>Derivative</i>
x^2	$2x$
$1 - x$	-1
$x^2 - 3x + 1$	$2x - 3$

What is the derivative of $\frac{1}{x^2}$?

- A. $-2x$
- B. $-\frac{1}{x}$
- C. $-\frac{2}{x}$
- D. $-\frac{2}{x^3}$

Answer.....

(vi) If the profit function of a company is given by given by $P(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2 - 6x + 500$,

then the company has maximum profit at:

- A. $x = -1$
- B. $x = -6$
- C. $x = 1$
- D. $x = 2$

Answer.....

(vii) What is the value of x in the determinant $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & x & -1 \\ -1 & 8 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 7$?

- A. 7
- B. -2
- C. -1
- D. -7

Answer.....

(viii) $\int (4 - 3x)^4 dx$ is equal to:

- A. $\frac{1}{15}(4 - 3x)^5 + C$
- B. $\frac{3}{5}(4 - 3x)^5 + C$
- C. $-\frac{1}{15}(4 - 3x)^5 + C$
- D. $-\frac{3}{5}(4 - 3x)^5 + C$

Answer.....

(ix) The numbers of ways of forming four digit numbers with the digits 2, 3, 5, 7 and 9 without repetition are:

- A. 26
- B. 60
- C. 120
- D. 210

Answer.....

(x) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, the co-factor of the element 3 is:

- A. 18
- B. -6
- C. -18
- D. -6

Answer.....

- (xi) Nala invited 20 of his friends for a dinner. In how many ways can Nala and his friend be seated around a circular table so that two particular friends be seated on either side of Nala?
- A. $19!2!$ ways
 - B. $20!2!$ ways
 - C. $17!2!$ ways
 - D. $18!2!$ ways

Answer.....

- (xii) $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + 3} dx$ is:
- A. $\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + 3) + C$
 - B. $\log(x^2 + 3) + C$
 - C. $2 \log(x^2 + 3) + C$
 - D. $\frac{1}{3} \log(x^2 + 3) + C$

Answer.....

- (xiii) The function $x + \frac{27}{x^3}$ is minimum at x is equal:
- A. 3
 - B. 4
 - C. 5
 - D. 27

Answer.....

- (xiv) In how many ways can letters of the word "MOTITHANG" be arranged:
- A. 362880
 - B. 725760
 - C. 181440
 - D. 215322

Answer.....

- (xv) If $y = x^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$
- A. $2x$
 - B. $x x^{x-1}$
 - C. $x^x(1 + \log x)$
 - D. $x^x(1 - \log x)$

Answer.....

SECTION B

Answer any 10 questions. All questions in this equal marks.

Unless otherwise stated, you may round off your answer to two decimal places.

[7 × 10 = 70]

Question 2

(a) If $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{p}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

[3]

(a) Using the properties of determinant express the $|A|$ in factor.

[4]

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & bc \\ 1 & b & ca \\ 1 & c & ab \end{vmatrix}$$

Question 3

(a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & -6 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$, find $A(\text{adj}A)$ without finding $\text{adj}A$. [3]

(b) $\int \frac{1-x}{(x+1)(x^2-x-12)} dx$

[4]

Question 4

(a) How many committees of 5 members each can be formed with 8 officials and 4 non-officials members in following ways:

i. Each consist of 3 officials and 2 non-officials;

ii. Each consist of at least two non-officials.

[2 × 2 = 4]

(b) If $x = at^2$ and $y = 2t^3$ find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.

[3]

Question 5

(a) If $x^m y^n = (x + y)^{m+n}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$ [4]

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, Find A^{-1} and show that $AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$. [3]

Question 6

(a) Solve the following system of equations using Cramer's rule

[4]

$$x + y = 5$$

$$z + y = 7$$

$$z + x = 6$$

(b) Sum of two numbers is 20 and whose product is as large as possible. Find two positive numbers. [3]

Question 7

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1}}$.

[4]

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 7$, show that $f(A) = 0$. [3]

Question 8

- (a) How many committees of 4 members each can be formed with 3 captains and 2 teachers so as to include at least one teacher? [3]

(b) $\int \frac{6x-3}{\sqrt{x^2-x+3}} dx$ [4]

Question 9

(a) Find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

[4]

(b) Differentiate $x^2 - 3x + 5$ with respect to $2 - x$

[3]

Question 10

(a) If $y = (1 - x)\sqrt{x + 3}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

[3]

- (b) In how many ways can 15 things divided into 3 groups containing 8, 4 and 3 things respectively. [3]

Question 11

(a) $\int \frac{1}{x^2 - x - 30} dx$ [4]

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ prove that $(AB)^T = B^T A^T$ [3]

Question 12

(a) Show that $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & m & n+p \\ 1 & n & p+m \\ 1 & p & m+n \end{vmatrix} = 0$ [3]

- (b) Find the point on the curve $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x$, where the gradient is zero and determine the nature of these points. [4]

Question 13:

(a) Find n if $\frac{(2n)!}{3!(2n-3)!} : \frac{n!}{2!(n-2)!} = 44 : 3$.

[4]

(b) $\int (x-4)\sqrt{x^2-2x+3}dx$

[3]

Question 14

- (a) Find the turning values of the following functions, distinguishing each case whether the value is maximum, minimum or the inflexional. [4]

$$y = 4x^3 + 19x^2 - 14x + 3$$

(b) $\int \frac{x}{x+3} dx$

[4]